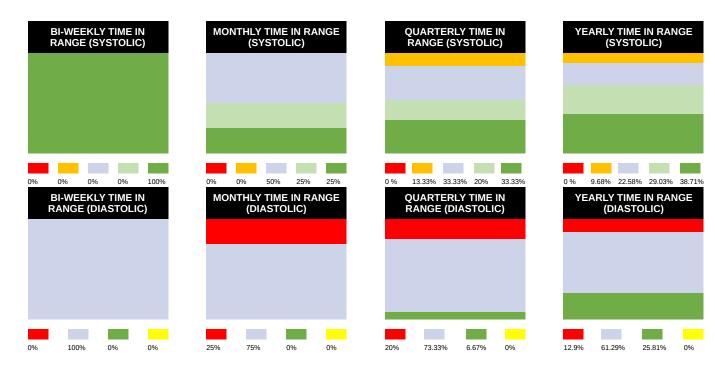




40 Mitchell Ave, Binghamton, NY 13903 Phone:(607) 723-1676

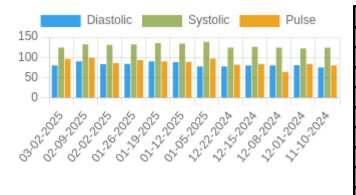
Patient Name: SHEENA IESSI Height: 5.4 MRN #: 1643 Weight: 230

Birth Year: Hypertension: S1



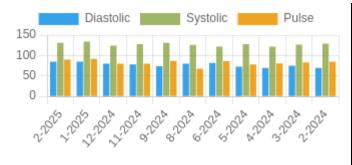
Blood Pressure Averages

Blood Pressure Averages: Weekly



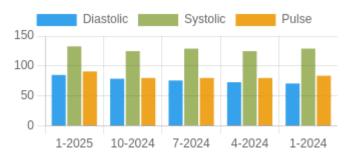
Week	Systolic(n)	Diastolic(n)	Pulse(n)
03-02-2025	124 (1)	80 (1)	96 (1)
02-09-2025	132 (1)	90 (1)	99 (1)
02-02-2025	131 (2)	83 (2)	86 (2)
01-26-2025	132 (2)	84 (2)	93 (2)
01-19-2025	135 (2)	90 (2)	90 (2)
01-12-2025	134 (1)	88 (1)	89 (1)
01-05-2025	138 (1)	78 (1)	97 (1)
12-22-2024	124 (1)	78 (1)	82 (1)
12-15-2024	126 (2)	80 (2)	84 (2)
12-08-2024	124 (1)	80 (1)	64 (1)
12-01-2024	122 (2)	81 (2)	84 (2)
11-10-2024	124 (2)	75 (2)	80 (2)

Blood Pressure Averages: Monthly



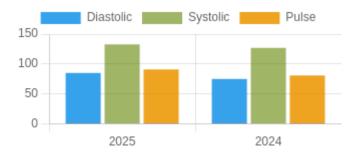
Month-Year	Systolic(n)	Diastolic(n)	Pulse(n)
2-2025	131 (3)	85 (3)	90 (3)
1-2025	134 (6)	85 (6)	92 (6)
12-2024	124 (6)	80 (6)	80 (6)
11-2024	128 (3)	78 (3)	80 (3)
9-2024	131 (2)	74 (2)	87 (2)
8-2024	126 (1)	80 (1)	68 (1)
6-2024	122 (1)	82 (1)	86 (1)
5-2024	128 (4)	73 (4)	78 (4)
4-2024	122 (2)	70 (2)	81 (2)
3-2024	127 (2)	75 (2)	83 (2)
2-2024	129 (7)	70 (7)	85 (7)

Blood Pressure Averages: Quarterly



Quarter-Year Systolic(n) Diastolic(n) Pulse(n) 1-2025 133 (9) 85 (9) 91 (9) 10-2024 125 (9) 79 (9) 80 (9) 7-2024 129 (3) 76 (3) 80 (3) 4-2024 125 (7) 73 (7) 80 (7) 1-2024 71 (9) 129 (9) 84 (9)

Blood Pressure Averages: Yearly



Year	Systolic(n)	Diastolic(n)	Pulse(n)
2025	133 (9)	85 (9)	91 (9)
2024	127 (28)	75 (28)	81 (28)

Systolic Variability Trends



1. CV –The coefficient of variation (CV) is the ratio of the standard deviation to the mean. The higher the coefficient of variation, the greater the level of dispersion around the mean, Units = mmHg.

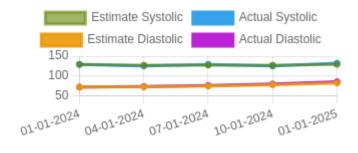
2. ARV – Average real variability (ARV) is a method for measuring short-term, reading-to-reading, within-subject variability. It is defined as the average of the absolute differences between consecutive readings, Units = mmHg.

3. SD – Standard deviation is a statistical measurement of variability. It measures how much variation there is from the average (mean), Units = mmHg.

Diastolic Variability Trends



Kalman Trends



1. Mean(Arithmetic Mean) – Mean is the average of a set of numbers

2. SD – Standard deviation is a statistical measurement of variability. It measures how much variation there is from the average (mean).

3. V- Variance determines the spread of numbers.. It measures how far each number in the set is from the mean (average) and from every other number in the set.

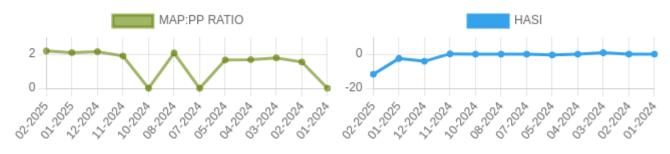
PSR

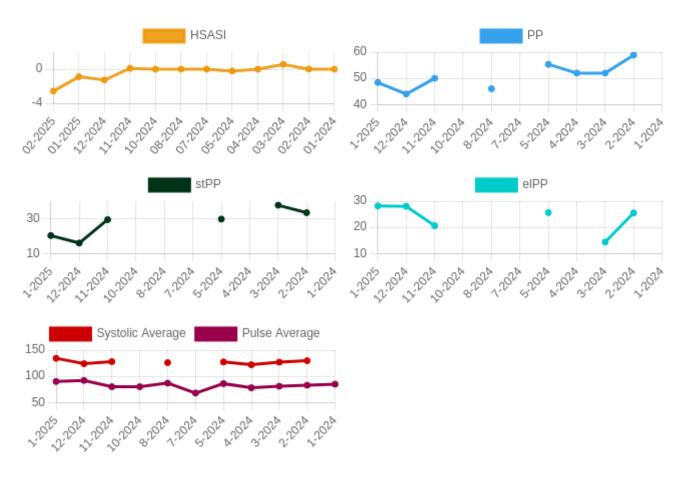


PSR: Pulse stiffening ratio (PSR) is the ratio between systolic and diastolic stiffness. It can be expressed as PSR = [systolic stiffness]/[diastolic stiffness].

HbA1c Trends

Others Trends



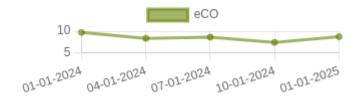


- 1. MAP:PP Ratio- Mean Arterial Pressure : Pulse Pressure Ratio
- 2. HASI- Home arterial stiffening index
- 3. HSASI- Home Symmetric arterial stiffening index
- 4. PP- Pulse Pressure

5. WIF or widening factor number. WIF = K-1/In(K)-1, where K is the variability ratio (K = Systolic Std. Dev / Diastolic Std. Dev)

- 6. eIPP- Elastic component of pulse pressure. eIPP= (PP stPP)
- 7. stPP- Stiffening component of pulse pressure. stPP= PP/(1+ WIF)

eCO graph



eCO (Estimated Cardiac Output) Normal range to be added $5-10\ \text{liters/minute}$

Units of eCO (Estimated Cardiac Output) - liters/minute

eCBP graph

eCBP (Estimated Central Blood Pressure) normal range -0 - 100 mmHg

1. Cardiac output scale is in liters/minute. Normal range at rest is 5-6 liters/min and (with activity goes up to 30 -35 liters/min)



2. Central mean BP is Squared, Mean radial artery BP/diastolic BP in mmHg. Scale in mmHg and range is in mmHg and the scale Should be between 0-50 50-100, 150 and 200 mmHg. No established normal at the moment.

MAP graph



MAP -Mean arterial blood pressure. MAP = Diastolic blood pressure + 1/3(Systolic blood pressure – Diastolic blood pressure)

Reference & Abbreviations

Guide to abbreviations and blood pressure, pulse and other Metrics.

HBPM -Homme blood pressure measurement.	HBS -Home blood sugar	
PP -Pulse pressure	AP -Average pulse	
BPV -Blood pressure variability	SV -Systolic variability	
DV -Diastolic variability	PV -Pulse variability	
ARV -Average real variability	CV -Coefficient of variation %	
SD -Standard deviation	MAP -Mean arterial blood pressure	
MAP: PP Mean Arterial Pressure : Pulse Pressure	HASI -Home arterial stiffness index	
HSASI -Home Symmetric arterial stiffness index	Estimated CO -Cardiac output [CO= (PPxHR)x.002]	
PSR Pulse stiffening ratio. (PSR = SBP/DBP or slope of systolic BP/slope of diastolic BP)		

Estimated central blood pressure ECBP (ECBP = brachial MBP2/brachial DBP or ECBP = radial MBP2/radial DBP)

Normal Ranges.

Systolic BP 110 - 120 mm Hg

Diastolic BP 70 – 80 mmHg

Pulse 60 - 100/min

Pulse pressure (PP) 40 mmHg (Low PP less than 25% of the systolic BP and high PP greater than 100 mm Hg)

Normal stroke volume (SV) 60 -100 ml

Cardiac output (CO) SV x pulse rate/min

Estimate Cardiac output = Stroke volume / m

Blood pressure variability; Not defined in USA. But desirable ranges ESH guidelines; Systolic day time BP less than 15 mmHg and Diastolic less than 7.9 mmHg and Weighted SD less than 12.8 mmHg for systolic

Definitions.

MAP:PP ratio not defined.

Pulse stiffening ration; Not defined. Pulse pressure * inverse log (std. dev. systolic / std. dev. Diastolic) / (std. dev. systolic / std. dev. Diastolic) - 1 (Pulse pressure X In (K)/(K-1) where K is systolic Sd /diastolic SD.)

Home arterial stiffness index; Not defined

Home arterial symmetric arterial index: Not defined.

Central blood pressure:Not defined

References.

MAP;

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Gavish B, Izzo JL Jr. Arterial Stiffness: Going a Step Beyond. Am J Hypertens. 2016 Nov 1;29(11):1223-1233. doi: 10.1093/ajh/hpw061. PMID: 27405964.

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CO

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BP

Mean arterial blood pressure;

Guidelines recommend less than 125 mmHg Poon LC, Shennan A, Hyett JA, Kapur A, Hadar E, Divakar H, McAuliffe F, da Silva Costa F, von Dadelszen P, McIntyre HD, Kihara AB, Di Renzo GC, Romero R, D'Alton M, Berghella V, Nicolaides KH, Hod M. The International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics (FIGO) initiative on pre-eclampsia: a pragmatic guide for first-trimester screening and prevention. Int J

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We hope these complementary multiparametric data along with standard set used in daily practice helps to understand home blood pressure trend andother information they may potentially generate in the future to understand medication effects and patient management.

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