

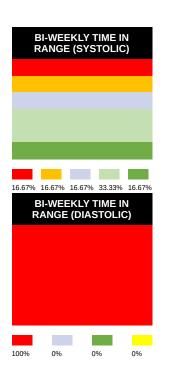


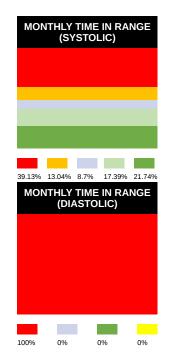
40 Mitchell Ave, Binghamton, NY 13903 Phone: (607) 723-1676

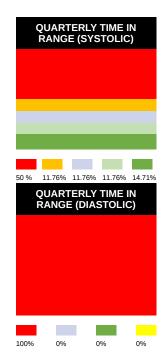
Patient Name: CHRISTY CROFT-DRISCOLL

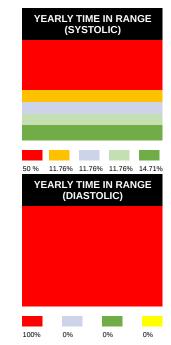
Height:

MRN #: 8237 Weight: Birth Year: Hypertension: S1



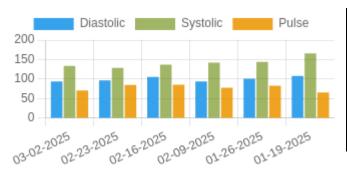






Blood Pressure Averages

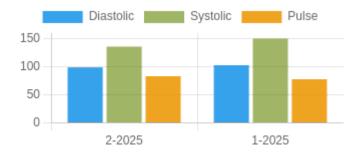
Blood Pressure Averages: Weekly



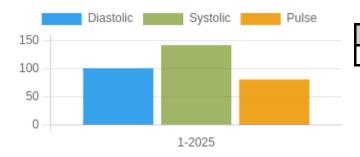
Week	Systolic(n)	Diastolic(n)	Pulse(n)
03-02-2025	134 (6)	94 (6)	71 (6)
02-23-2025	129 (5)	97 (5)	85 (5)
02-16-2025	137 (6)	106 (6)	86 (6)
02-09-2025	142 (6)	94 (6)	78 (6)
01-26-2025	144 (8)	101 (8)	83 (8)
01-19-2025	166 (3)	108 (3)	66 (3)

Blood Pressure Averages: Monthly

Month-Year	Systolic(n)	Diastolic(n)	Pulse(n)
2-2025	136 (17)	99 (17)	83 (17)
1-2025	150 (11)	103 (11)	78 (11)

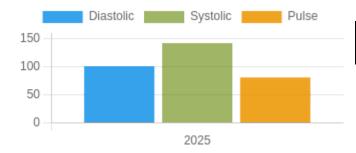


Blood Pressure Averages: Quarterly



Quarter-Year	Systolic(n)	Diastolic(n)	Pulse(n)
1-2025	142 (28)	101 (28)	81 (28)

Blood Pressure Averages: Yearly



Year	Systolic(n)	Systolic(n) Diastolic(n)	
2025	142 (28)	101 (28)	81 (28)

Chat

Sender	Receiver	Messege	Date&Time
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	*	03-03-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	getting there ! my blood pressure seems better too . have a great week Dr.Ram	03-03-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	GM Chris, Hope ! U R close to your normal . Best	03-03-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	 ←	21-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	still taking a full tablet of BP meds too	21-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	doing a bit better . I'm on OxyCodone for pain and cyclobenzaprine and occasionally naproxen	21-02-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	When you say OK, BP should be lower. Any new medication. R U on BP med ?	21-02-2025

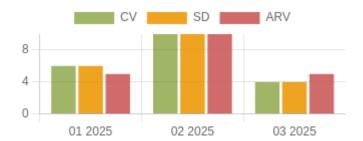
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	Please update progress.	21-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	thank you so much	18-02-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	The process is routine, Spin until they conclude let us watch & wait. This is common in medicine. Odds of having to worry is minimum. Get well from Fx ribs. Any concern do not hesitate to share. Best	18-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	so I am just wondering what your thoughts are	17-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	and that it is common but ants me to follow up with my Dr to get an mri . and assured me they think it is nothing . they don't know me and I am a huge worry wart . I I guess I have to let Dr Desantis know at Endwell family	17-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	hi Dr ram I ended up going to the er today because the UHS walk-in wanted me to get a catscan . the catscan showed my lungs are good but they told me they had to tell me they found a small lesion on my liver	17-02-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	Sorry and get well soon. Reach out for any assistance. Best	17-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	hi dr ram my blood pressure is high because I had a little snowmobile accident this past weekend and broke some ribs . unfortunately 😧	17-02-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	Making progress 🙏	13-02-2025
R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	*	11-02-2025
CHRISTY CROFT- DRISCOLL	R.A. Ramanujan , M.D.	ok sure will	11-02-2025

Systolic Variability Trends

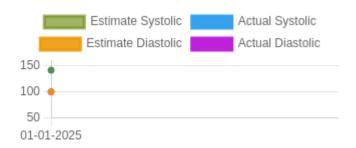


- **1. CV** –The coefficient of variation (CV) is the ratio of the standard deviation to the mean. The higher the coefficient of variation, the greater the level of dispersion around the mean, Units = mmHg.
- **2. ARV** Average real variability (ARV) is a method for measuring short-term, reading-to-reading, within-subject variability. It is defined as the average of the absolute differences between consecutive readings, Units = mmHg.
- **3. SD** Standard deviation is a statistical measurement of variability. It measures how much variation there is from the average (mean), Units = mmHg.

Diastolic Variability Trends



Kalman Trends



- **1.** Mean(Arithmetic Mean) Mean is the average of a set of numbers
- **2. SD** Standard deviation is a statistical measurement of variability. It measures how much variation there is from the average (mean).
- **3. V-** Variance determines the spread of numbers.. It measures how far each number in the set is from the mean (average) and from every other number in the set.

PSR



PSR: Pulse stiffening ratio (PSR) is the ratio between systolic and diastolic stiffness. It can be expressed as PSR = [systolic stiffness]/[diastolic stiffness].

HbA1c Trends

Others Trends





- 1. MAP:PP Ratio- Mean Arterial Pressure : Pulse Pressure Ratio
- 2. HASI- Home arterial stiffening index
- 3. HSASI- Home Symmetric arterial stiffening index
- 4. PP- Pulse Pressure
- **5. WIF or widening factor number. WIF** = K-1/In(K)-1, where K is the variability ratio (K = Systolic Std. Dev / Diastolic Std. Dev)
- 6. eIPP- Elastic component of pulse pressure. eIPP= (PP stPP)
- 7. stPP- Stiffening component of pulse pressure. stPP= PP/(1+ WIF)

eCO graph



eCO (Estimated Cardiac Output) Normal range to be added 5-10 liters/minute

Units of eCO (Estimated Cardiac Output) - liters/minute

eCBP graph

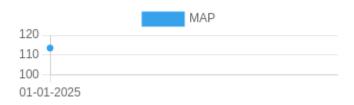
eCBP (Estimated Central Blood Pressure) normal range -0-100 mmHg

1. Cardiac output scale is in liters/minute. Normal range at rest is 5-6 liters/min and (with activity goes up to 30 -35 liters/min)



2. Central mean BP is Squared, Mean radial artery BP/diastolic BP in mmHg. Scale in mmHg and range is in mmHg and the scale Should be between 0-50 50-100, 150 and 200 mmHg. No established normal at the moment.

MAP graph



MAP -Mean arterial blood pressure. MAP = Diastolic blood pressure + 1/3(Systolic blood pressure – Diastolic blood pressure)

Reference & Abbreviations

Guide to abbreviations and blood pressure, pulse and other Metrics.

HBS -Home blood sugar	
AP -Average pulse	
SV -Systolic variability	
PV -Pulse variability	
CV -Coefficient of variation %	
MAP -Mean arterial blood pressure	
HASI -Home arterial stiffness index	
Estimated CO -Cardiac output [CO= (PPxHR)x.002]	

Estimated central blood pressure ECBP (ECBP = brachial MBP2/brachial DBP or ECBP = radial MBP2/radial DBP)

Normal Ranges.

Systolic BP 110 - 120 mm Hg

Diastolic BP 70 - 80 mmHg

Pulse 60 - 100/min

Pulse pressure (PP) 40 mmHg (Low PP less than 25% of the systolic BP and high PP greater than 100 mm Hg)

Normal stroke volume (SV) 60 -100 ml

Cardiac output (CO) SV x pulse rate/min

Estimate Cardiac output = Stroke volume / m

Blood pressure variability; Not defined in USA. But desirable ranges ESH guidelines; Systolic day time BP less than 15 mmHg and Diastolic less than 7.9 mmHg and Weighted SD less than 12.8 mmHg for systolic

Definitions.

MAP:PP ratio not defined.

Pulse stiffening ration; Not defined. Pulse pressure * inverse log (std. dev. systolic / std. dev. Diastolic) / (std. dev. systolic / std. dev. Diastolic) - 1 (Pulse pressure X In (K)/(K-1) where K is systolic Sd /diastolic SD.)

Home arterial stiffness index; Not defined

Home arterial symmetric arterial index: Not defined.

Central blood pressure: Not defined

References.

MAP;

Chemla D, Antony I, Zamani K, Nitenberg A. Mean aortic pressure is the geometric mean of systolic and diastolic aortic pressure in resting humans. J Appl Physiol (1985). 2005 Dec;99(6):2278-84. doi: 10.1152/japplphysiol.00713.2005. Epub 2005 Jul 28. PMID: 16051709. Tien LYH, Morgan WH, Cringle SJ, Yu DY. Optimal Calculation of Mean Pressure From Pulse Pressure. Am J Hypertens. 2023 May 21;36(6):297-305. doi: 10.1093/ajh/hpad026. PMID: 36945835; PMCID: PMC10200551.

PSR:

Gavish B, Izzo JL Jr. Arterial Stiffness: Going a Step Beyond. Am J Hypertens. 2016 Nov 1;29(11):1223-1233. doi: 10.1093/ajh/hpw061. PMID: 27405964.

DCBP:

Chemla D, Millasseau S, Hamzaoui O, Teboul JL, Monnet X, Michard F, Jozwiak M. New Method to Estimate Central Systolic Blood Pressure From Peripheral Pressure: A Proof of Concept and Validation Study. FrontCardiovasc Med. 2021 Dec 15;8:772613. doi: 10.3389/fcvm.2021.772613. PMID: 34977186; PMCID: PMC8714848.

CO

Koenig J, Hill LK, Williams DP, Thayer JF. Estimating cardiac output from blood pressure and heart rate: the liljestrand& zander formula. Biomed Sci Instrum. 2015;51:85-90. PMID: 25996703; PMCID: PMC5317099.

BP

Mean arterial blood pressure;

Guidelines recommend less than 125 mmHg Poon LC, Shennan A, Hyett JA, Kapur A, Hadar E, Divakar H, McAuliffe F, da Silva Costa F, von Dadelszen P, McIntyre HD, Kihara AB, Di Renzo GC, Romero R, D'Alton M, Berghella V, Nicolaides KH, Hod M. The International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics (FIGO) initiative on pre-eclampsia: a pragmatic guide for first-trimester screening and prevention. Int J

GynaecolObstet 2019;

145(Suppl 1):1–33.Not defined in general (desirable MAP ,90 mm Hg)Melgarejo JD, Yang WY, Thijs L, Li Y, Asayama K, Hansen TW, Wei FF, Kikuya M, Ohkubo T, Dolan E, Stolarz-Skrzypek K, Huang QF, Tikhonoff V, Malyutina S, Casiglia E, Lind L, Sandoya E, Filipovský J, Gilis-Malinowska N, Narkiewicz K, Kawecka-Jaszcz K, Boggia J, Wang JG, Imai Y, Vanassche T, Verhamme P, Janssens S, O`Brien E, Maestre GE, Staessen JA, Zhang ZY; International Database on Ambulatory Blood Pressure in Relation to Cardiovascular Outcome Investigators*. Association of Fatal and Nonfatal Cardiovascular Outcomes With 24-Hour Mean Arterial Pressure. Hypertension. 2021 Jan;77(1):39-48

We hope these complementary multiparametric data along with standard set used in daily practice helps to understand home blood pressure trend andother information they may potentially generate in the future to understand medication effects and patient management.

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